

**Directions**

1. Complete the following questions.
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1. Compute  $1111\ 1010 \oplus 1001\ 1101$ .

2. What is the result of encrypting the ASCII plaintext "abc" using the byte-wise XOR shift cipher (where encryption is done using byte-wise XOR) and key 0x4B?

3. Consider the Vigenere cipher over the lowercase English alphabet, where the key can have length 1 or length 2, each with 50% probability. Say the distribution over plain-texts is  $\Pr[M='aa'] = 0.3$  and  $\Pr[M='ab'] = 0.7$ .

(a) What is  $\Pr[C='bb']$ ?

(b) What is  $\Pr[M='aa' \mid C='bb']$ ?

4. Prove that if a single character is encrypted, then the shift cipher is perfectly secret.